

# LOS PRONOMBRES SUJETOS

Pronoun	English Equivalent	Explanation
Yo	I	Used to refer to oneself, the speaker.
Tú	You (informal)	Used to refer to someone you are familiar with, such as a friend or family member.
Él	He	Used to refer to a male person or entity being talked about.
Ella	She	Used to refer to a female person or entity being talked about.
Usted	You (formal)	Used in formal situations or when addressing someone with respect, such as a stranger or superior.
Nosotros	We (masculine/mixed)	Used to refer to a group that includes the speaker and at least one male.
Nosotras	We (feminine)	Used to refer to a group that includes the speaker and all females.
Vosotros	You all (informal, masculine/mixed)	Used primarily in Spain to refer to a group of males or a mixed-gender group.
Vosotras	You all (informal, feminine)	Used primarily in Spain to refer to a group of females.
Ellos	They (masculine/mixed)	Used to refer to a group of males or a mixed-gender group.
Ellas	They (feminine)	Used to refer to a group of females.
Ustedes	You all (formal/informal in Latin America)	Used to address a group formally or informally in Latin America; only formally in Spain.

- **Notes:**

- **Tú vs. Usted:** "Tú" is used in casual, informal settings, while "Usted" is used in more formal contexts.
- **Vosotros/Vosotras:** These are primarily used in Spain. In Latin America, "Ustedes" is used for both formal and informal plural "you."
- **Nosotros/Nosotras:** The gender distinction is important. If the group is mixed or if the gender is unknown, "Nosotros" is used.
- **Ellos/Ellas:** Similar to "Nosotros/Nosotras," the gender distinction is significant. "Ellos" is used for groups of males or mixed genders, while "Ellas" is used for groups of females.